

Supportive Housing Code Amendments Public Hearing

Planning Commission
August 3, 2021



PUBLIC HEARING OVERVIEW

SEQUENCE

- Public Hearing Opened
- Public Comments
- Staff Presentation
- Planning Commissioner Questions
- Public Hearing Closed
- Planning Commission
 Direction or
 Recommendation



POTENTIAL COMMISSION ACTION

COMMITTEE ACTION REQUESTED

Planning Commission recommendation to City Council desired by 8/17/2021, if not provided tonight.

REVIEWS TO DATE

■ PED: 5/27/2021

PC: 6/15/2021, 7/6/2021, 7/20/2021



PRESENTATION OVERVIEW

PURPOSE OF PRESENTATION

 Provide information for public hearing related to proposed code amendments related to supportive housing

WHY IS THIS ISSUE IMPORTANT?

- 1. House Bills 1070 and 1220 passed in May 2021, which together provide funding for supportive housing and require cities to allow various types of supportive housing.
- 2. In April 2021, the City passed a six-month moratorium on the establishment of overnight shelters and transitional housing.
- 3. HB 1220 limits such a moratorium and requires zoning allowances to be in place by September 30, 2021.



SUMMARY OF HB 1220 AND DRAFT AMENDMENTS

Transitional Housing and Permanent Supportive Housing

Located in <u>all zones</u> that allow <u>hotels</u> or <u>residential uses</u>

Indoor Emergency Shelters and Indoor Emergency Housing

Located in <u>all zones</u> that allow <u>hotels</u> (Option Preferred by Commission on 7/20)

OR

Located in majority of zones within 1 mile of transit

- City can impose <u>reasonable occupancy</u>, <u>spacing</u>, and <u>intensity of use requirements to protect public health and <u>safety</u>.</u>
- City may not prevent the siting of a sufficient number of supportive housing facilities necessary to accommodate city's projected need for such housing and shelter.
- The City is <u>not required</u> to produce any of this housing.
- The City must <u>allow the opportunity</u> for these housing types at the city's projected need; but, as of now, the City is <u>not required</u> to show that a specific amount, by use type, has been provided.

PROJECTED NEED FOR SUPPORTIVE HOUSING FACILITIES

How many persons are currently without homes in SeaTac?

Approach

 Relatively limited data is available for quantifying persons meeting this criteria of need. Staff used an extrapolation of the most up to date data from the 2020 count of persons experiencing homelessness within King County.

STAFF COMMENTS

- Requirements generally relates to "homeless or at imminent risk of becoming homeless."
- WA Dept. of Commerce guidance expected by end of 2022.
- In review of the 2020 Point-in-Time Count, staff found that the number of persons experiencing homeless in SeaTac is likely about 100 persons, based on a proportion of Southwest King County Data. This data is likely an undercount based on study factors.
- Staff estimates that the overall need for the city is 100-150 persons.
- Staff is aware of very few permanent facilities within the City Limits to address this need presently.

POTENTIAL POPULATION VULNERABLE TO LOSING HOUSING

How many persons are at imminent risk of becoming homeless?

Approach

 Staff has reviewed data from the Housing Inventory & Assessment Report (HIAR) to gain a general sense of persons at certain income and cost-burdened levels.

STAFF RATIONAL

- WA Dept. of Commerce guidance expected by end of 2022.
- Staff does not propose establishing a City need within the code amendments proposed, and will look at integrating guidance from the WA Dept. of Commerce either administratively or in future code amendments, when available.
- Note: Approximately 802 King County Housing Authority Owned units exist to serve persons at lower income ranges.



SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS: DEFINITIONS

USE TYPE AND DEFINITION CHANGES:

New Definitions and Use Type:

"Emergency housing" Temporary indoor accommodations for those that are homeless or those at imminent risk, intended to address the basic health, food, clothing, and personal hygiene needs of individuals or families. May or may not require occupants to enter into a lease or an occupancy agreement. (paraphrased)

"Emergency shelter" Facility that provides a temporary shelter for those currently homeless. May not require occupants to enter into a lease or an occupancy agreement. May include day and warming centers that do not provide overnight accommodations. (paraphrased)

"Permanent supportive housing" Subsidized, leased housing with no limit on length of stay prioritizing people who need comprehensive support services to retain tenancy, with lower barriers to entry than would be typical for other rental housing, especially related to rental history, criminal history, and personal behaviors. Paired with on-site or off-site voluntary services designed to support complex and disabling behavioral health or physical health conditions. Intended for those homeless or imminent risk of homelessness prior to moving into housing. (paraphrased)

SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS: DEFINITIONS cont.

USE TYPE AND DEFINITIONS CHANGES:

Amended Definition and Use Type:

"Transitional housing"

Housing provided under a program, offering twenty-four (24) hour access to specific persons, for periods of one (1) month or more for human services purposes, such as helping unemployed, homeless individuals to obtain employment and permanent housing. Transitional housing is not a transient accommodation. A project that provides housing and supportive services to homeless persons or families for up to two years and that has its purpose facilitating the movement of homeless persons and families into independent living.

Removed Definition and Use Type:

"Overnight Shelter"

- A facility providing overnight, temporary lodging, with or without meals, for homeless families or individuals and meeting the standards of Chapter 246-360 WAC.
- Updated other definitions making reference to overnight shelters
- Use Type removed from Use Charts



SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS: PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE AND TRANSITIONAL HOUSING

PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE AND TRANSITIONAL HOUSING

Location:

 Permanent supportive and transitional housing permitted in all zones that allow hotels or residential uses.

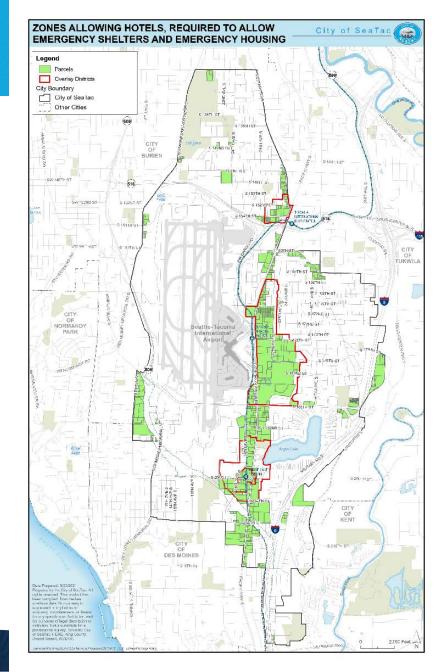
Scale:

- Permanent supportive and transitional housing serving <u>5 residents or less</u> ("small-scale") will be classified at Community Residential Facilities Category I (CRF I) to allow such uses in the Urban Low Density Residential (UL) zones.
- CRF I facilities include group homes for children, disabled, or elderly; homes for recovering, nonusing alcoholics and addicts; or shelters for domestic violence victims.
- CRF I must be a single-family structure and maintain residential character.
- Larger such supportive housing facilities are not permitted in the UL zones. Permitted in other zones allowing hotels or residential.

Permitting:

- Small-scale facilities approved administratively under CRF I requirements.
- Large-scale (above 5 residents) require a minor conditional use permit.





LOCATION AND PERMITTING FOR EMERGENCY HOUSING SERVICES

Location and Permitting:

- Indoor emergency housing and indoor emergency shelters will be permitted in all zones that allow hotels.
- Requires a major conditional use permit.

Mapped Potential Locations:

- Represents all zones allowing hotels, with the respective overlay district boundaries represented by red outlines.
- These are largely commercial and highdensity residential zones.



PERMITTING PROCESS

OVERVIEW

Permit Type:

• All applications for supportive housing that do not meet small-scale facility criteria to be considered CRF I facilities will be reviewed as a Minor or Major Conditional Use Permit (CUP).

Noticing:

- The land use process would require posting notice to the site, noticing property owners within a certain distance of the site, and posting in notice in the Seattle Times.
- Persons could provide public comment on the project during this noticing period.
- Depending on the type of project, a public hearing could also be required, which also include another noticing period.

Staff Review:

 Staff reviews all submittal materials to ensure all site design, and performance standards are met.

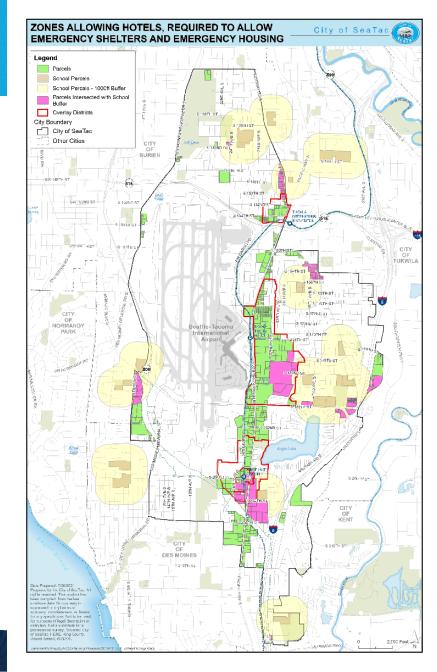


BUFFERING FACILITIES FROM SCHOOL SITES

USE TYPE AND DEFINITIONS CHANGES:

- In previous commission meetings, commissioners expressed the desire to visualize and explore different buffering distances that would prevent the siting of emergency housing and shelters within a certain distance from school sites.
- HB 1220 allows that "Reasonable occupancy, <u>spacing</u>, and intensity of use requirements may be imposed by ordinance" on supportive housing types. However, it also specifies that "Any such requirements on occupancy, <u>spacing</u>, and intensity of use may not prevent the siting of a sufficient number of" supportive housing units "to accommodate each city's projected need for such housing".
- The following slides illustrate various buffer distances from school sites, overlayed onto parcels that allow hotels.

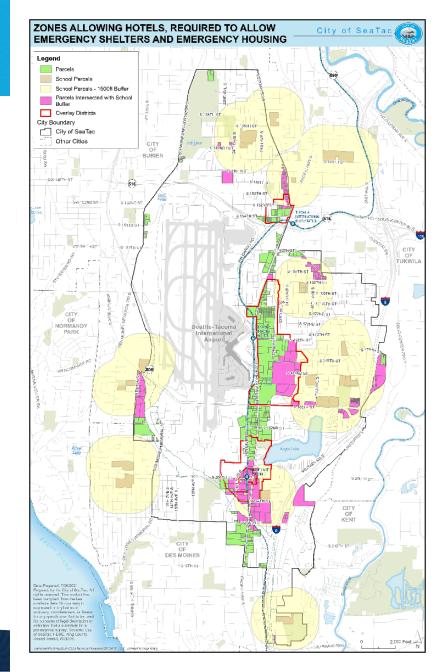




1,000' BUFFER FROM SCHOOL SITES

- The buffer distances begin at the edge of parcels with an active school use, as delineated in yellow.
- Parcels highlighted in pink allow hotels, but are within this buffer distance and would be removed from availability for emergency housing and shelters.
- Parcels highlighted in green allow hotels, and are outside of this buffer.

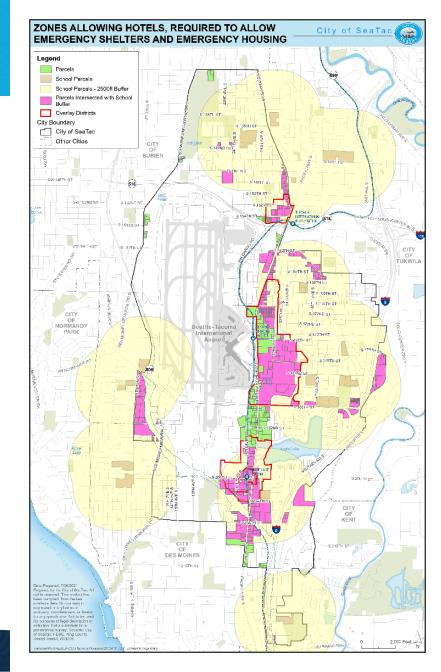




1,500' BUFFER FROM SCHOOL SITES

Staff believe it is questionable if this buffer distance would meet RCW requirements.





2,500' BUFFER FROM SCHOOL SITES

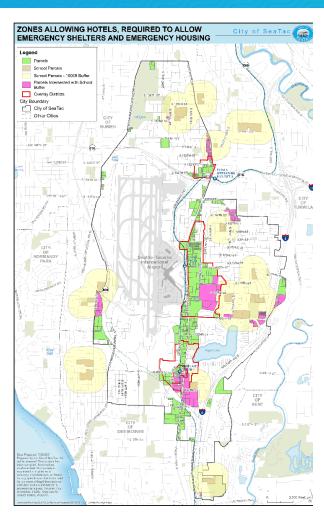
Staff does not believe this buffer distance would meet RCW requirements.

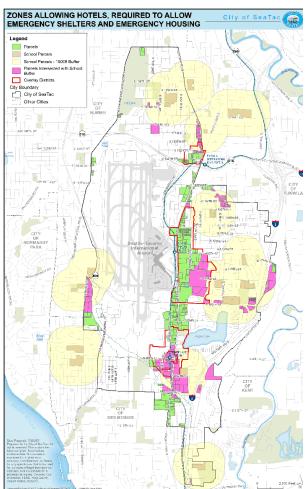


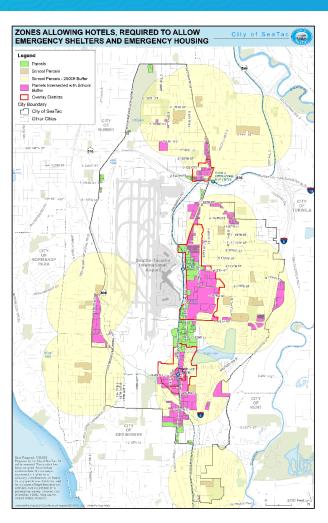
1,000'

1,500'

2,500'









SUPPORTIVE HOUSING PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

What services and standards are required for supportive housing facilities?

Approach

 Performance standards for public health and safety, intensity, occupancy, and spacing/separation will be established through a new Supportive Housing Standards section.

STANDARDS FOR ALL USES:

- Multiple Types: Stricter standards apply
- Specific impact assessment through CUP
- Meet building and fire code
- Match bulk and scale of residential use
- Parking plan.
- Operations plan, including security, code of conduct, human and social services.
- Transportation access.
- On-site supervision.
- Sponsor/managing agency with demonstrated experience and stable funding source.
- Access and coordination with police services.



SUPPORTIVE HOUSING PERFORMANCE STANDARDS cont.

What services and standards are required for emergency housing and shelters?

Approach

 Specific spacing requirements, occupancy limits, services to be provided by sponsor/managing agency and operating standards.

STANDARDS FOR EMERGENCY HOUSING AND SHELTERS:

- No closer than 1,000 feet to school or other emergency facility.
- Limit of 80 residents.
- Access to medical services and, mental and behavioral services.
- For housing: Access to resources for permanent housing, and employment/education assistance
- For shelters: Substance abuse assistance.
- Variety of other requirements to limit surrounding impacts and for public health and safety (trash, food donations, waiting space, minor children, identification, sex offenders).



SUPPORTIVE HOUSING PERFORMANCE STANDARDS cont.

What services and standards are required for permanent supportive and transitional?

Approach

 Specific occupancy limits and services to be provided by sponsor/managing agency and operating standards.

STANDARDS FOR PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE AND TRANSITIONAL HOUSING:

- Subject to density standards, maximum of 80 units.
- Must meet multi-family design standards.
- Provide resident access to cooking and hygiene facilities.
- Dedicated space to meet with service providers.
- Access to medical services and, mental and behavioral services.
- Access to employment and education assistance
- Small-scale facilities qualifying as a CRF I facility will also require an operating plan.



MISCELLANEOUS CODE AMENDMENTS

LANDSCAPING CHARTS:

- Emergency Housing and Shelters: Landscape type and width requirements consistent with hotel uses.
- Permanent Supportive and Transitional Housing: Landscape type and width requirements consistent with existing transitional housing provisions.

PARKING CHARTS:

 All uses: Parking Plan based on population served and projected needs submitted and approved by the Director.

CURRENT USES:

- Maintain current homeless encampment standards.
- Maintain current allowance for religious facilities to provide emergency housing and shelters as an accessory use.



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FUTURE CODE UPDATES

- Updated guidance from the Department of Commerce on the City's projected housing needs expected by end of 2022.
- Housing Action Plan implementation amendments may impact these uses.
- Staff suggest reviewing code within the first year of adoption or after first implementation to identify needed refinements.
- Code amendment updates likely included in the 2024 GMA Periodic Review of comprehensive plan and development regulations.



Full Definitions from RCW and WAC

Transitional housing" means a facility that provides housing and supportive services to homeless individuals or families for up to two years and whose primary purpose is to enable homeless individuals or families to move into independent living and permanent housing.

"Permanent supportive housing" is subsidized, leased housing with no limit on length of stay that prioritizes people who need comprehensive support services to retain tenancy and utilizes admissions practices designed to use lower barriers to entry than would be typical for other subsidized or unsubsidized rental housing, especially related to rental history, criminal history, and personal behaviors. Permanent supportive housing is paired with on-site or off-site voluntary services designed to support a person living with a complex and disabling behavioral health or physical health condition who was experiencing homelessness or was at imminent risk of homelessness prior to moving into housing to retain their housing and be a successful tenant in a housing arrangement, improve the resident's health status, and connect the resident of the housing with community-based health care, treatment, or employment services.



Key Definitions

"Emergency housing" means temporary indoor accommodations for individuals or families who are homeless or at imminent risk of becoming homeless that is intended to address the basic health, food, clothing, and personal hygiene needs of individuals or families. Emergency housing may or may not require occupants to enter into a lease or an occupancy agreement.

"Emergency shelter" means a facility that provides a temporary shelter for individuals or families who are currently homeless. Emergency shelter may not require occupants to enter into a lease or an occupancy agreement. Emergency shelter facilities may include day and warming centers that do not provide overnight accommodations.

