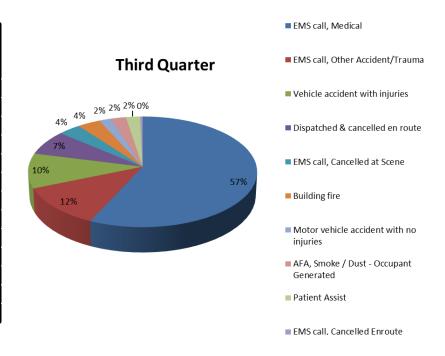
Fire Data Presentation

Third Quarter 2016



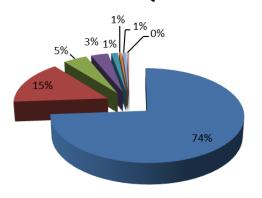
Top 10 Call Type in SeaTac

| | First Quarter | Second Quarter | | Grand Total * |
|---|------------------|-------------------|------|------------------|
| | | | | |
| EMS call, Medical | 666 | 611 | 581 | 1858 |
| EMS call, Other Accident/Trauma | 94 | 119 | 121 | 334 |
| Vehicle accident with injuries | 75 | 90 | 104 | 269 |
| Dispatched & cancelled en route | 56 | 65 | 74 | 195 |
| EMS call, Cancelled at Scene | 26 | 33 | 36 | 95 |
| Building fire | 34 | 15 | 36 | 85 |
| Motor vehicle accident with no injuries | 33 | 28 | 19 | 80 |
| AFA, Smoke / Dust - Occupant Generated | 23 | 20 | 24 | 67 |
| Patient Assist | 11 | 17 | 22 | 50 |
| EMS call, Cancelled Enroute | 3 | 12 | 4 | 19 |
| Grand Total * | 1282 | 1289 | 1344 | 3915 |
| *Includes ALL incident types | | | | |



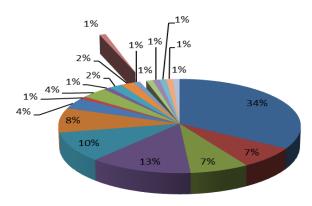
Top 10 Call Type in SeaTac

Third Quarter EMS Calls



- EMS call. Medical
- EMS call, Other Accident/Trauma
- EMS call, Cancelled at Scene
- EMS Call, Dispatched and Cancelled
- EMS call, excluding vehicle accident with injury
- EMS call, Cancelled Enroute
- EMS: Dispatched & cancelled en route

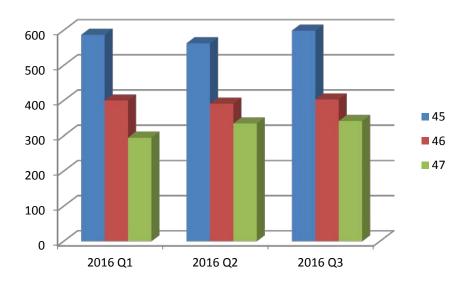
Third Quarter Fire Calls



- Building fire
- Cooking fire, confined to container
- Passenger vehicle fire
- Beauty Bark Fire
- Brush, or brush and grass mixture fire
- Natural vegetation fire, other
- Outside rubbish, trash or waste fire
- Residential Smoke Detector, no fire
- Grass fire
- Residential SWFA, no fire
- Outside rubbish fire, other
- Dumpster or other outside trash receptacle fire
- Forest, woods or wildland fire
- Mobile property (vehicle) fire, other
- Special outside fire, other
- Extinguishing System Activation, no fire, unintentional

Response by Station

| Station | 45 | 46 | 47 | Grand Total |
|-----------------------|------|------|-----|--------------------|
| 2016 | 1749 | 1194 | 972 | 3915 |
| First Quarter | 587 | 400 | 295 | 1282 |
| 1 - January | 190 | 145 | 93 | 428 |
| 2 - February | 193 | 135 | 93 | 421 |
| 3 - March | 204 | 120 | 109 | 433 |
| Second Quarter | 563 | 391 | 335 | 1289 |
| 4 - April | 183 | 130 | 115 | 428 |
| 5 - May | 211 | 135 | 114 | 460 |
| 6 - June | 169 | 126 | 106 | 401 |
| Third Quarter | 599 | 403 | 342 | 1344 |
| 7 - July | 182 | 139 | 117 | 438 |
| 8 - August | 219 | 142 | 124 | 485 |
| 9 - September | 198 | 122 | 101 | 421 |



CARES Response

| Stations | 45 | 46 | 47 Grand Total | |
|----------------|----|-----------|----------------|----|
| First Quarter | 39 | 26 | 1 | 66 |
| Jan | 9 | 8 | | 17 |
| Feb | 16 | 6 | | 22 |
| Mar | 14 | 12 | 1 | 27 |
| Second Quarter | 45 | 18 | 7 | 70 |
| Apr | 9 | 8 | 3 | 20 |
| May | 21 | 7 | 2 | 30 |
| Jun | 15 | 3 | 2 | 20 |
| Third Quarter | 54 | 23 | 5 | 82 |
| Jul | 24 | 4 | 2 | 30 |
| Aug | 16 | 12 | 1 | 29 |
| Sep | 14 | 7 | 2 | 23 |

Fire Prevention

| Fire Prevention | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| | 2015 Total | First Quarter | Second Quarter | Third Quarter | |
| Inspections | | | | | |
| Permit Inspections | 468 | 91 | 90 | <i>78</i> | |
| New Construction | 141 | 53 | 50 | 77 | |
| Business License | 146 | 31 | 19 | 6 | |
| Plan Reviews | 502 | 116 | 212 | 166 | |
| Code Enforcement | | | | | |
| Cases | 109 | 28 | 22 | 26 | |
| Violations | 300 | 110 | 59 | 60 | |
| Corrected | 243 | 38 | 30 | 24 | |
| Fire Investigations | | | | | |
| Intentional | 6 | 3 | 1 | 4 | |
| Accidental | 9 | 4 | 3 | 3 | |
| Undetermined | 5 | 0 | 6 | 1 | |
| Total Investigated | 20 | 7 | 6 | 8 | |
| Hours Spent | 178.5 | 134 | 21.5 | 36.5 | |

Retro Fire Alarm Program

- 21 Properties identified as needing to have a manual fire alarm installed retroactively.
- 42 Buildings affected by this requirement.
- 15 Properties accounting for 29 buildings issued Notice and Orders for failing to comply by the July 1, 2016 deadline.
- 5 Properties accounting for 11 buildings have complied with this requirement.
- 1 Property accounting for 2 buildings have been granted an extension.

Noteworthy Calls

SeaTac House Fire

September 29, 2016– The owner of a small, single story house was able to escape safely after her house caught fire. When the first units arrived, they found smoke and flames coming from two sides of the house. It took firefighters approximately 20 minutes to fully extinguish the fire, which started in a front room of the house. A cat died in the fire, but there were no other reported injuries. No other homes were affected.

I-5 Brush Fire

August 17, 2016– As area fire crews were battling a fast moving brush fire on SR 599, another brush fire was reported several miles south of 599 along southbound I-5 near the S. 216 overpass.

As the fire moved up the hillside on the west side of the freeway, it began to approach homes, an apartment complex, and several large water towers.

Fire crews from the Kent RFA and other departments worked quickly to fight the fire both along the freeway and above to protect the homes and property at the top of the hill. No homes were damaged, though the dry grass around the water towers was burned. Access to the fire was hampered by chain link fences protecting the DOT right of way and the water department. A total of eight fire engines, including a grash truck from Paging, three shipt efficiency, a wildland firef

engines, including a crash truck from Boeing, three chief officers, a wildland firefighting crew, and an investigator were used at this incident, totaling over thirty personnel.

Information

WSRB Upgrade

Effective January 1, 2017, the City of SeaTac will improve from a Class 4 Fire Protection Rating to a Class 3. On the Fire Protection Class rating scale, 1 indicates exemplary fire protection capabilities, and 10 indicates the capabilities, if any, are insufficient for insurance rating credit.

This improved rating will apply to properties located within five road miles of a fire station and within 1,000 feet of a fire hydrant. These are two items that local insurance agents will ask to verify, as the rating itself will be known to the insurance companies by January 1.

The protection rating is used by insurance companies to help determine fire insurance premiums for properties. This rating will most likely affect commercial properties, and is one of several considerations in setting insurance rates.

Of more than 675 fire departments in the state, only 48 have a Class 3 rating, putting SeaTac in the top eight percent. Only five departments have a Class 2 rating. No one in the State of Washington has achieved a Class 1 rating.

So what does it mean to have a Class 3 rating? It means an independent agency has evaluated our fire protection, and determined that we are providing superior fire protection to the community. Our community can feel confident the fire department is working hard on their behalf to deliver a quality product every day.

Questions?

