

**CITY OF SEATAC
ANNUAL POLICE SERVICE HIGHLIGHTS & DATA
2016**

Provided for the Residents by:

POLICE CHIEF LISA MULLIGAN, CITY OF SEATAC POLICE DEPARTMENT
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City of SeaTac Administration

MAYOR	Michael Siefkes
DEPUTY MAYOR	Pam Fernald
COUNCIL MEMBERS	Rick Forschler Kathryn Campbell Peter Kwon Tony Anderson Erin Sitterley
CITY MANAGER	Joe Scorcio
CHIEF OF POLICE	Chief Lisa Mulligan



From Your Police Chief

March 2017

Dear Residents of SeaTac,

It is my pleasure to present the 2016 Police Service Highlights and Data Report for our City of SeaTac.

This report provides you with an overview of crime in SeaTac, comparing 2016 data to previous years. It also provides additional information about services provided by the SeaTac Police Department. We hope that you find the format of this document user-friendly and the contents informative.

As a resident, you play a significant role in helping us address crime and quality of life issues in our city. You truly are our eyes and ears on the streets and in our neighborhoods and businesses. Please report suspicious activity to police when you see it and strive to be vigilant and aware of your surroundings at all times.

We also encourage you to get involved in preventing crime in your community through our Block Watch, Walk Watch and Call and Walk-Along Programs. You can find more information about these programs on the City website at <http://www.ci.seatac.wa.us>.

Thank you for taking time to look at this report. The officers and staff of our SeaTac Police Department are dedicated to working with you to provide a safe and enjoyable place for you to live, work, or visit.

Sincerely,

Lisa Mulligan, Chief of Police
SeaTac Police Department



About

City of SeaTac Administration 2
 From Your Police Chief 3
 About the Annual Police Service Highlights & Data Report 5
 SeaTac Police Department Mission, Goals, & Core Values 5
 City of SeaTac Patrol Districts..... 6

Section 1: Police Service Highlights

City Cost Comparison 7
 SeaTac’s Crime Rate 9
 Part I Violent Crimes against People 10
 Part I Non-Violent Crimes against Property 11
 Automobile and Traffic Incident Information 12
 Part I & II Cases Closed by Arrest..... 14
 Adult and Juvenile Charges and Arrests 14
 Calls for Police Assistance 15
 Response Times to High Priority Calls 16
 Commissioned Officers per 1,000 Residents 17
 Dispatched Calls for Service (DCFS) per Patrol Officer 17
 Self Initiated Activities / “On Views” 18
 Costs of Police Services per Capita..... 18
 Complaints against Officers 19

Section 2: Police Service Data

Crime Summary 21



About the Annual Police Service Highlights & Data Report

The Annual Police Service Highlights & Data Report contains information on the service efforts and accomplishments of the SeaTac Police Department to support its mission, goals, and objectives. The goal of the report is to keep the City of SeaTac residents, staff, administrators, and elected officials informed of police service and crime activity in the city. The report is produced by the City of SeaTac Police Department in partnership with the King County Sheriff's Office (KCSO) Research, Planning and Informational Services and Contracts Units. Questions about the report can be directed to the SeaTac chief of police.

The Police Service Highlights section gives a narrative of police efforts and year-to-year comparisons of selected crime and police service data. Most of the data in this section is taken from the Police Services Data section unless otherwise indicated as being from a difference source.

The Police Service Data section provides further detailed crime and police service data. Please note that numbers in this section may differ slightly from numbers in the Police Services Highlights due to rounding differences.

SeaTac Police Department Mission, Goals, & Core Values

Vision

We provide premier police services with pride and integrity.

Mission

To provide proactive, engaging and educational law enforcement services, in our uniquely diverse community.

Goals

In order to realize this mission, the City of SeaTac Police Department has adopted the following goals and objectives:

Goal # 1: Reduce Crime and the Fear of Crime

Through quick response, thorough investigations and thoughtful use of resources, work to instill confidence that SeaTac is a safe place to live, work and play.

Goal # 2: Improve Traffic Safety and Awareness

Through enforcement, education, engineering and problem solving, work collaboratively with other city departments to reduce traffic collisions, moving violations and parking violations.

Goal # 3: Community Engagement

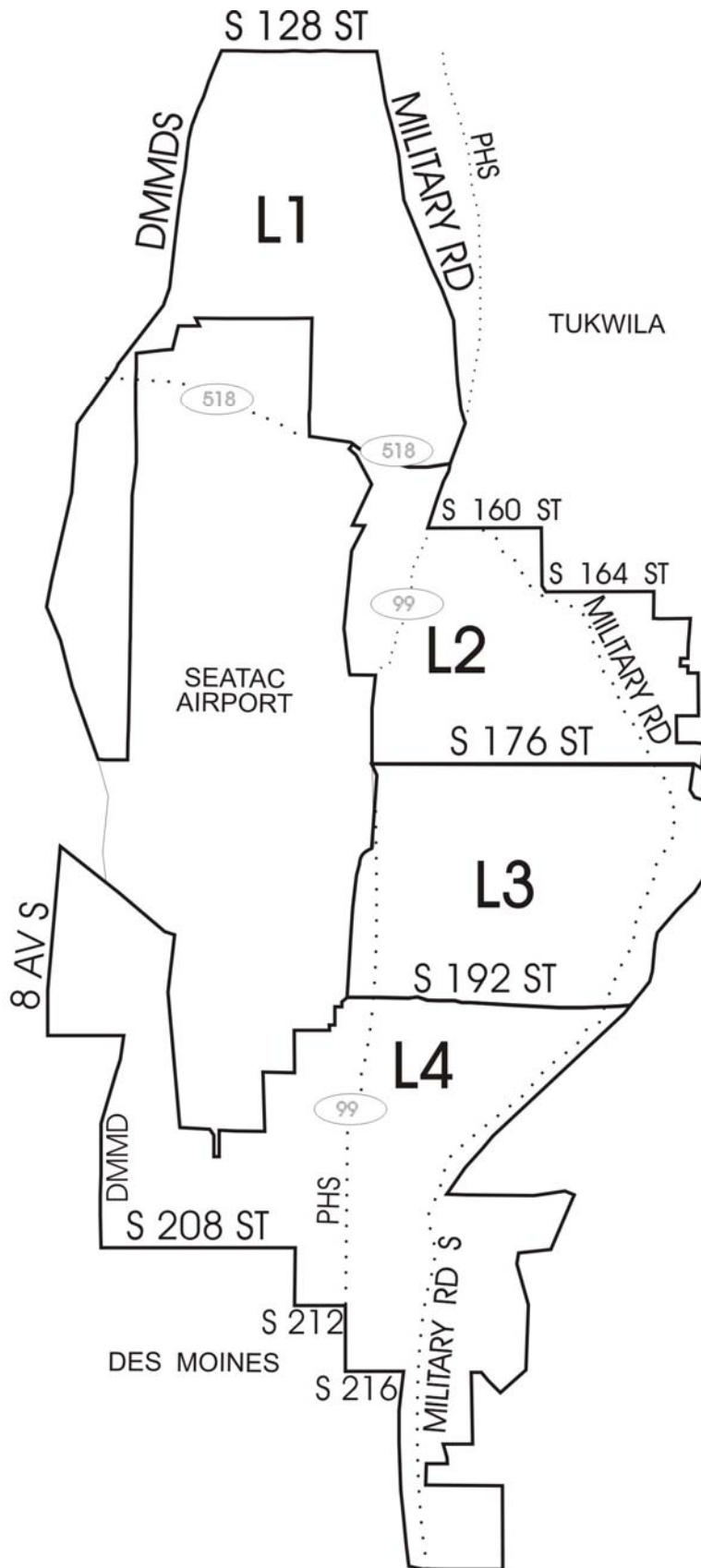
Develop and maintain relationships that encourage positive police interactions, and education programs that support the crime-related needs of our diverse population.

Goal # 4: City Operations

Support city wide efforts to reduce the impact of residences and businesses that negatively impact city resources.



City of SeaTac Patrol Districts



City Cost Comparison

The annual police cost comparison study is conducted by the KCSO Contracts Unit. The study accounts for budget differences and may factor in (or out) certain line items in order to allow for “apples-to-apples” comparisons. SeaTac’s cost per capita here is different than the contract cost per capita, which only includes SeaTac’s law enforcement contract paid to the county.

City	2016 Police Budget	2016 Population	2016 Sworn	Cost/ Capita	Cost/ Sworn	Sworn/ 1000	
Algona	\$1,323,655	3,175	7.0	\$417	\$189,094	2.20	
Auburn	\$23,320,665	77,060	108.0	\$303	\$215,932	1.40	
Beaux Arts	\$20,636	300	0.1	\$69	\$206,360	0.33	
Bellevue	\$34,711,921	139,400	184.0	\$249	\$188,652	1.32	
Black Diamond	\$1,903,300	4,305	8.0	\$442	\$237,913	1.86	
Bothell	\$13,247,039	43,980	61.0	\$301	\$217,165	1.39	
Burien	\$11,194,000	50,000	51.5	\$224	\$217,317	1.03	
Carnation	\$497,503	1,850	2.3	\$269	\$220,134	1.22	
Clyde Hill	\$1,334,779	3,060	9.0	\$436	\$148,309	2.94	
Covington	\$3,788,942	18,750	18.2	\$202	\$208,298	0.97	
Des Moines	\$7,868,335	30,570	33.0	\$257	\$238,434	1.08	
Duvall	\$2,094,563	7,425	12.0	\$282	\$174,547	1.62	
Edmonds	\$9,361,220	40,900	55.0	\$229	\$170,204	1.34	
Federal Way	\$25,033,033	93,670	131.0	\$267	\$191,092	1.40	
Hunts Point	\$297,425	415	1.2	\$717	\$247,854	2.89	
Issaquah	\$8,348,000	34,590	37.0	\$241	\$225,622	1.07	
Kenmore	\$3,300,684	22,320	16.1	\$148	\$204,503	0.72	
Kent	\$32,235,879	124,500	151.0	\$259	\$213,483	1.21	
Kirkland	\$21,780,797	84,680	89.0	\$257	\$244,728	1.05	
Lake Forest Park	\$3,336,518	12,940	20.0	\$258	\$166,826	1.55	
Lynnwood	\$13,002,111	36,590	69.0	\$355	\$188,436	1.89	
Maple Valley	\$4,189,090	24,790	18.9	\$169	\$221,645	0.76	
Marysville	\$13,412,833	64,940	61.0	\$207	\$219,883	0.94	
Medina	\$2,050,148	3,165	9.0	\$648	\$227,794	2.84	
Mercer Island	\$6,716,706	23,660	31.0	\$284	\$216,668	1.31	
Mill Creek	\$4,673,447	19,900	25.0	\$235	\$186,938	1.26	
Mukilteo	\$4,492,055	21,070	28.0	\$213	\$160,431	1.33	
Newcastle	\$2,076,488	11,090	10.1	\$187	\$206,001	0.91	
Normandy Park	\$1,486,272	6,540	8.0	\$227	\$185,784	1.22	
North Bend	\$1,473,400	6,570	8.2	\$224	\$179,683	1.25	
Puyallup	\$14,899,707	39,850	58.0	\$374	\$256,892	1.46	
Redmond	\$17,002,031	60,560	64.0	\$281	\$265,657	1.06	
Renton	\$28,758,942	101,300	121.0	\$284	\$237,677	1.19	
Sammamish	\$6,555,120	61,250	31.7	\$107	\$207,113	0.52	
SeaTac	\$9,720,186	27,810	43.4	\$350	\$223,761	1.56	
Seattle	\$299,838,119	686,800	1,404.0	\$437	\$213,560	2.04	
Shoreline	\$12,345,306	54,990	52.4	\$225	\$235,463	0.95	
Skykomish	\$30,590	200	0.1	\$153	\$218,500	0.70	
Snoqualmie	\$4,217,642	13,110	17.8	\$322	\$236,946	1.36	
Sumner	\$3,952,638	9,705	19.0	\$407	\$208,034	1.96	
Tukwila	\$16,104,716	19,540	79.0	\$824	\$203,857	4.04	
University Place	\$3,528,408	32,230	15.0	\$109	\$235,227	0.47	
Woodinville	\$3,181,779	11,570	14.9	\$275	\$213,829	1.29	
Yarrow Point	\$329,892	1,040	2.0	\$317	\$164,946	1.92	
				Partner City Averages (weighted)	\$200	\$219,083	0.91
				Non-Partner City Averages (weighted)	\$337	\$212,682	1.58



Data sources:

1. Budgets found on city websites or via city finance personnel.
2. Population is from the Office of Financial Management.

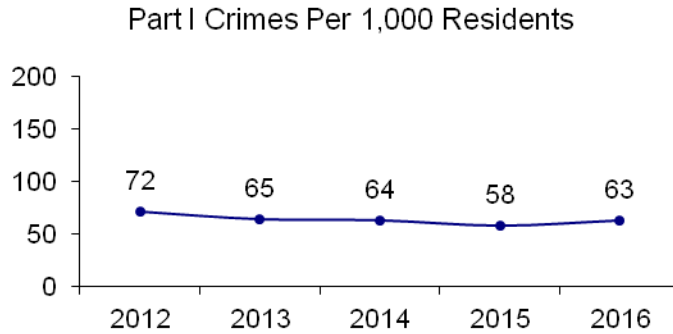


City of SeaTac Police Service Highlights 2016



SeaTac's Crime Rate

The Crime Rate is a calculation of the number of Part I Crimes divided by population in thousands. Part I Crimes is a category of crimes established by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It includes criminal homicide (which includes murder and non-negligent manslaughter, but excludes deaths by negligence, attempts to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, justifiable homicide, and traffic fatalities), forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

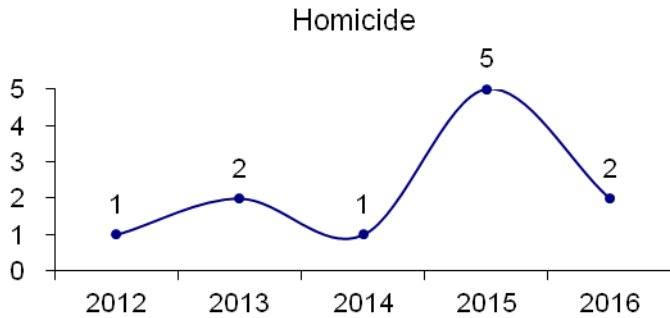


Source: Police Services Data



Part I Violent Crimes against People

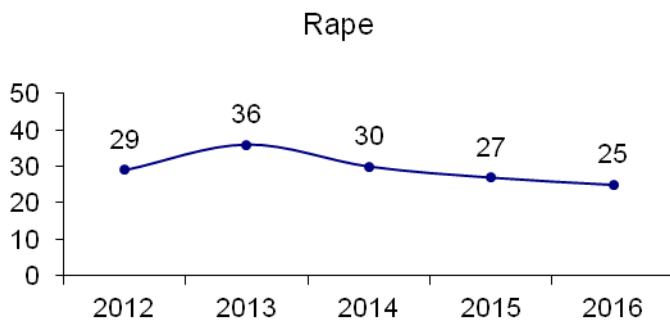
Part I Crimes include crimes categorized as “violent crimes” or “crimes against people.” The following are SeaTac’s Part I Violent Crimes.



Source for all below: Police Services Data

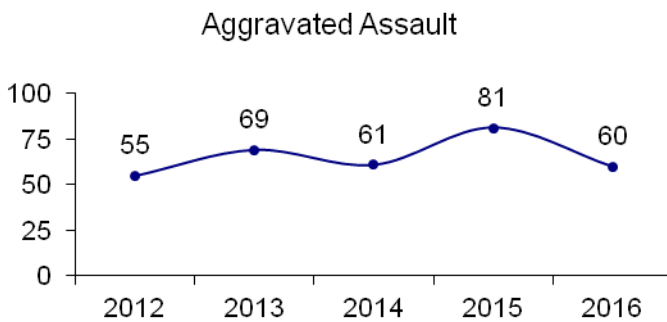
Homicide

The willful killing of one human being by another. Includes murder and non-negligent manslaughter, justifiable homicide, and manslaughter by negligence.



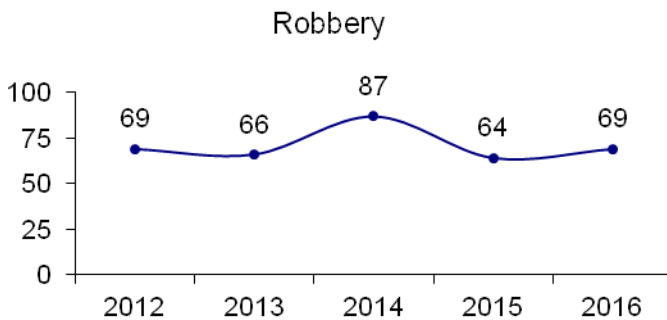
Rape

Rapes by force and attempts or assaults to rape, regardless of the age of the victim, are included in this count. Statutory offenses (no force used—victim under age of consent) are excluded.



Aggravated Assault

Aggravated assault is an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.



Robbery

Robbery is the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person by force, threat of force, violence, or by putting the victim in fear.

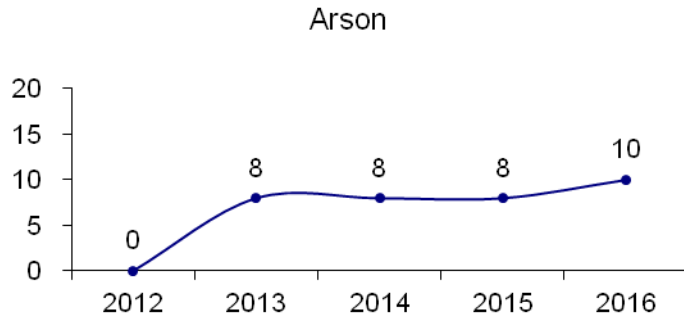


Part I Non-Violent Crimes against Property

The second group of Part I Crimes is known as “non-violent crimes,” “crimes against property,” or “property crimes.” The following are SeaTac’s Part I Crimes against Property. Information about vehicle theft, also included in this category, can be found with traffic and automobile incident information.

Arson

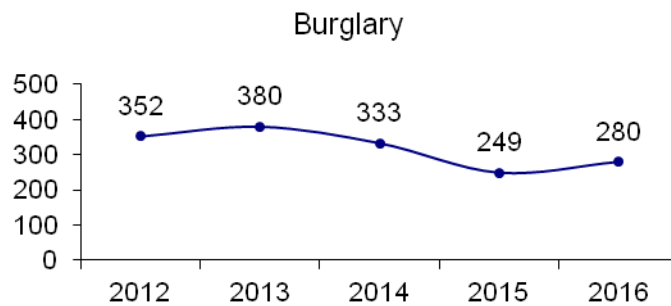
Arson is any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another.



Source for all below: Police Services Data

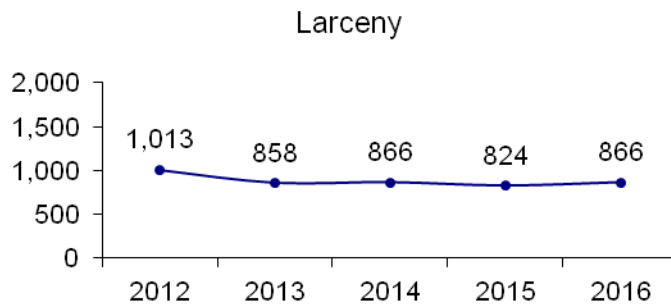
Burglary (breaking or entering)

Burglary is the unlawful entry of a commercial or residential structure with the intent to commit a crime. Attempted forcible entry is included.



Larceny (not vehicle theft)

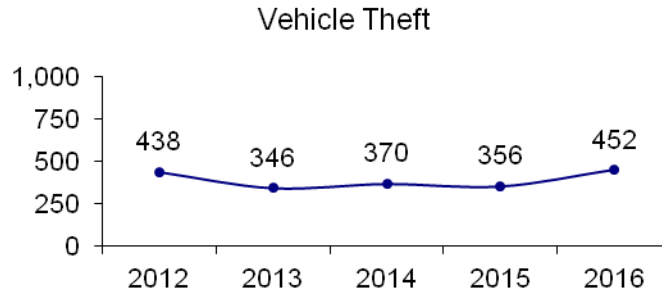
Larceny is the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property of any value amount from the possession or constructive possession of another. Examples are thefts of bicycles, motor vehicle parts and accessories, shoplifting, pocket-picking, or the stealing of any property or article that is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Attempted larcenies are included. Embezzlement, forgery, check fraud, and like crimes are excluded.



Automobile and Traffic Incident Information

Vehicle theft

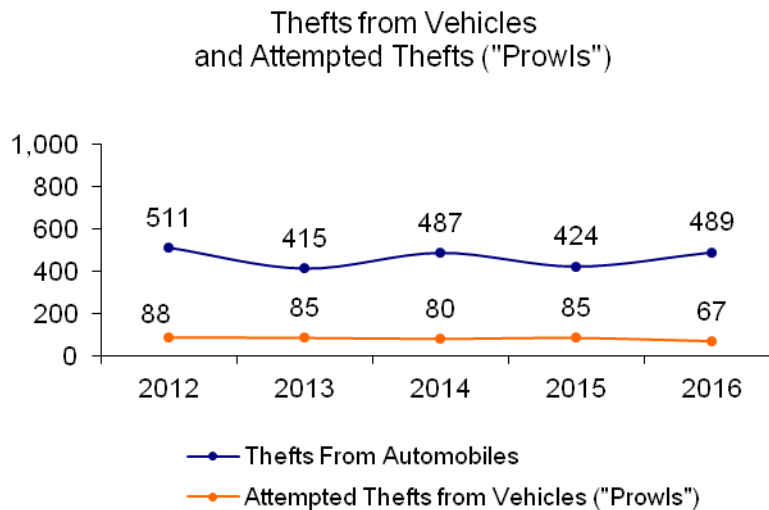
Vehicle theft is included in Part I Crimes against Property. It is the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle, which is defined as being self-propelled and running on a land surface and not on rails. Motorboats, construction equipment, airplanes, and farming equipment are specifically excluded from this category.



Source: Police Services Data

Thefts and Attempted Thefts ("Prowls") from Automobiles

A theft or attempted theft ("prowl") from an automobile is the act or attempted act of taking something from the inside of an automobile. The numbers below reflect the total number of reports taken as thefts or prowls; the numbers do not reflect the number of victims during each incident.

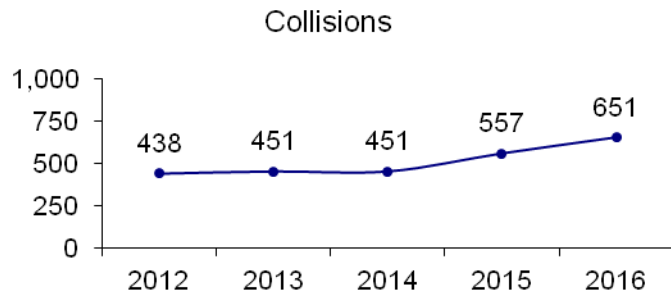


Source: Police Services Data and CAD System



Traffic Collisions

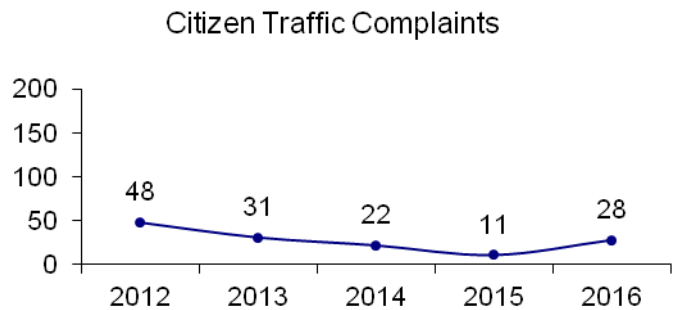
Collision information includes reports for injury, non-injury, and fatality vehicle collisions. Driving under the influence (DUI) collisions and hit-and-runs are excluded from this category.



Source: CAD System

Citizen Traffic Complaints

Citizen traffic complaints include all reports residents make regarding chronic traffic violations and requests for traffic enforcement. Complaints are assigned out to specific traffic enforcement units as well as patrol and are worked on a regular basis. Some complaints are resolved relatively quickly, while others become the site of on-going traffic enforcement projects.

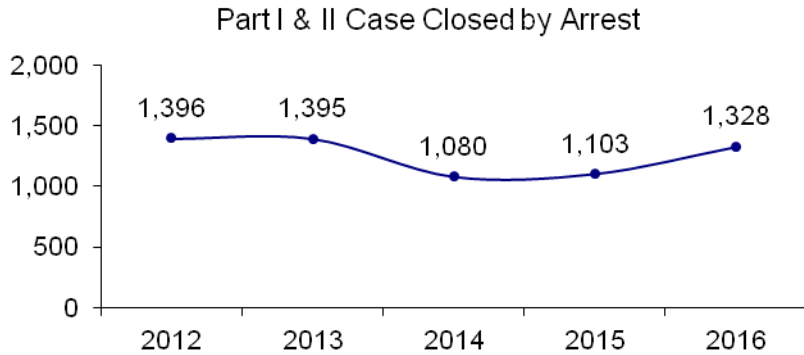


Source: CAD System



Part I & II Cases Closed by Arrest

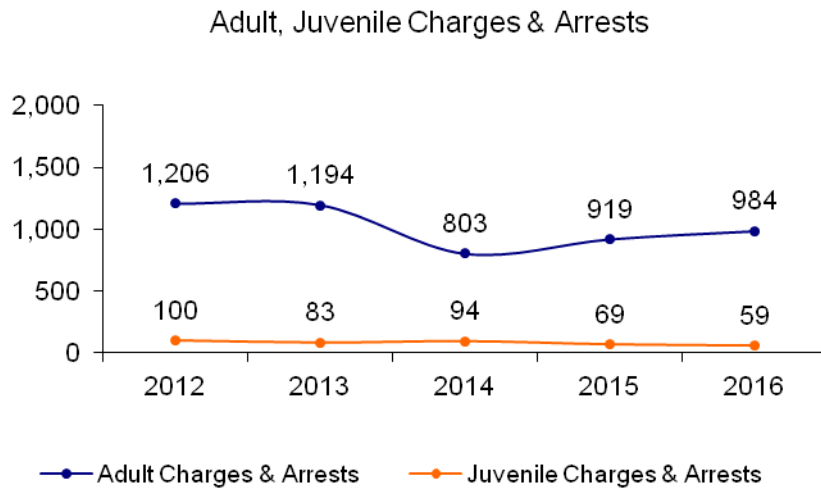
The cases below represent incidents where an officer or detective has recommended that the King County Prosecutor’s Office file criminal charges against the case suspect. These criminal charges may result in an arrest or another form of punitive action, such as a citation. A prosecuting attorney is solely responsible for the decision to formally file charges and prosecute defendants.



Source: KCSO RPIS Unit

Adult and Juvenile Charges and Arrests

One or more charges can result from a single arrest. Charges also can be filed when probable cause exists against a person who may not have been arrested. The following are the total number of felony and misdemeanor charges and arrests by adult and juvenile status.



Source: Police Services Data

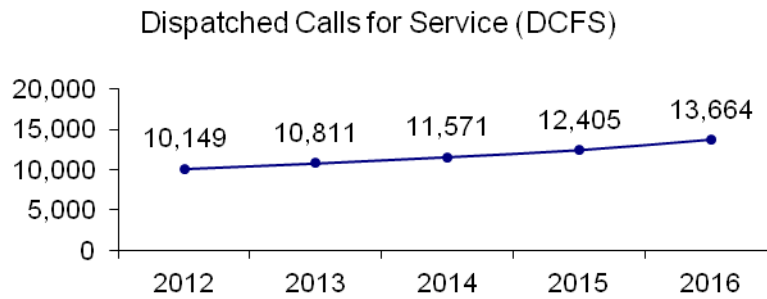


Calls for Police Assistance

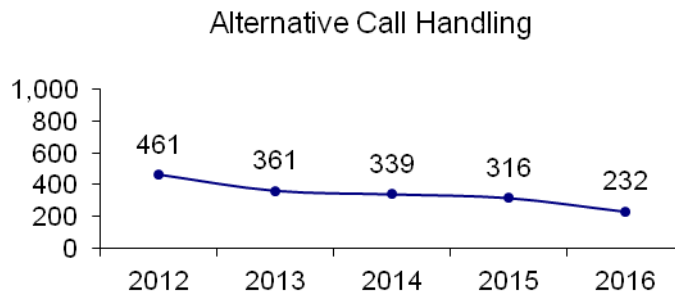
The public receives police assistance in a variety of ways. Residents can call the Emergency 911 Communications Center to have one or more officers dispatched to the field, called a “dispatched call for service.”

In addition to dispatched calls for service, 911 center operators can take certain types of reports over the phone through alternative call handling (ACH). This allows police officers more time to respond to those who need an officer present at the location of their incident.

Following are the numbers of dispatched calls for service (DCFS) and alternative call handling (ACH) incidents reported.



Source for all: Police Services Data and CAD



Dispatched Calls For Service (DCFS): The number of DCFS shown here includes calls that are verified to take place inside the city limits and that are charged to the city as part of its police contract. Total DCFS counts, as shown in the Police Service Data section, may be slightly higher (usually less than 5 percent higher).



Response Times to High Priority Calls

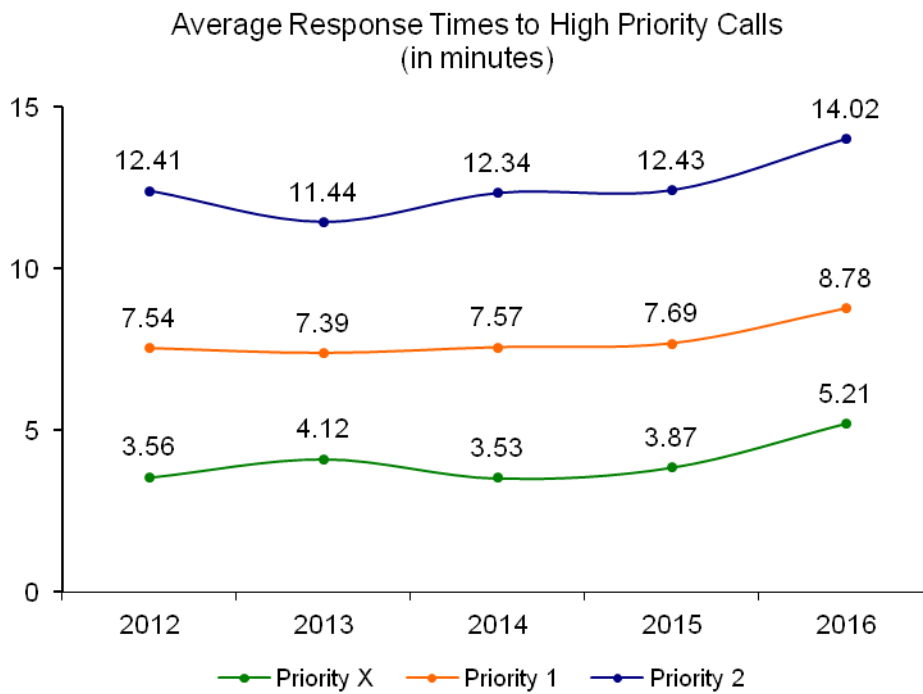
When calls for police assistance are received by the Emergency 911 Communications Center, they are entered into the Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) system and given a “priority” based on the criteria described below. If the call receiver is in doubt as to the appropriate priority, the call is assigned the higher of the two priority designators in question.

“Priority X” designates critical dispatches. These are incidents that pose an obvious danger to the life of an officer or citizen. It is used for felony crimes in-progress where the possibility of confrontation between a victim and suspect exists. Examples include shootings, stabbings, robberies or burglaries.

“Priority 1” designates immediate dispatches. These are calls that require immediate police action. Examples include silent alarms, injury traffic accidents, in-progress crimes or crimes so recent that the suspect may still be in the immediate area.

“Priority 2” designates prompt dispatches. These are calls that could escalate to a more serious degree if not policed quickly. Examples include verbal disturbances and blocking traffic accidents.

Following are the City of SeaTac’s Police response times for the above priority calls. Response times include all time from the receipt of a phone call to the moment an officer arrives at the location of the incident.



Source: Police Services Data

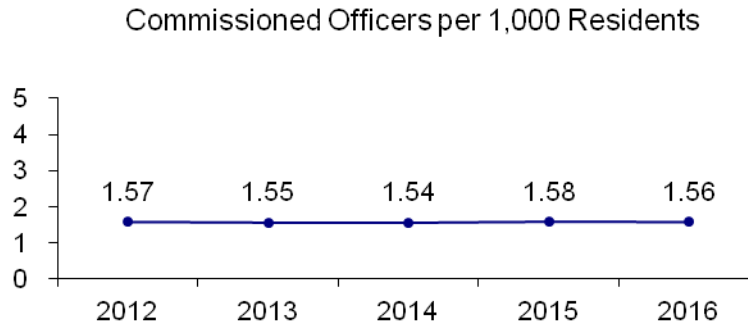


Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD): A computerized communication system used by emergency response agencies for dispatching and tracking calls for emergency assistance.



Commissioned Officers per 1,000 Residents

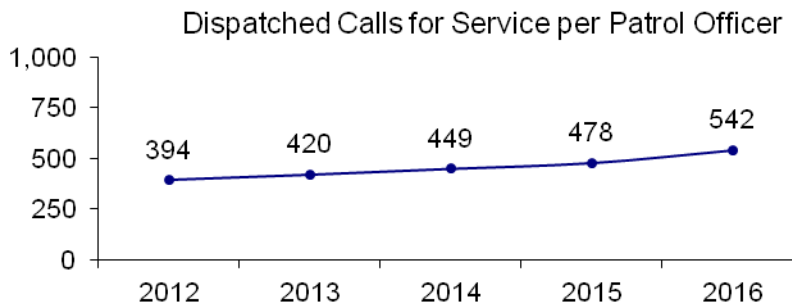
Commissioned officers per 1,000 residents shows how many commissioned police officers are employed by SeaTac for every 1,000 residents. This number includes commissioned officers who work in supervisory or other non-patrol related positions as well as special services officers who work part-time for the city. It does not include professional (i.e. non-commissioned) support staff.



Source: KCSO Contracts Unit

Dispatched Calls for Service (DCFS) per Patrol Officer

Dispatched calls for service (DCFS) per patrol officer is the average number of dispatched calls one patrol officer responds to within a year. This number uses only dispatched calls SeaTac pays for and does not include the number of responses an officer initiates (such as witnessing and responding to traffic violations, called "on views"). Also, the numbers below are *patrol only* and exclude non-patrol commissioned officers (such as supervisors or special duty officers/detectives).

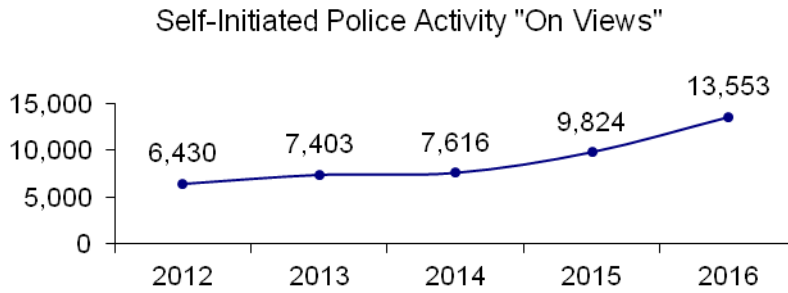


Source: KCSO Contracts Unit



Self Initiated Activities / "On Views"

An "on view" is a self-directed, self-initiated activity by the officer. The officer may be responding to a crime they've witnessed, or to chronic problems in a neighborhood, etc.

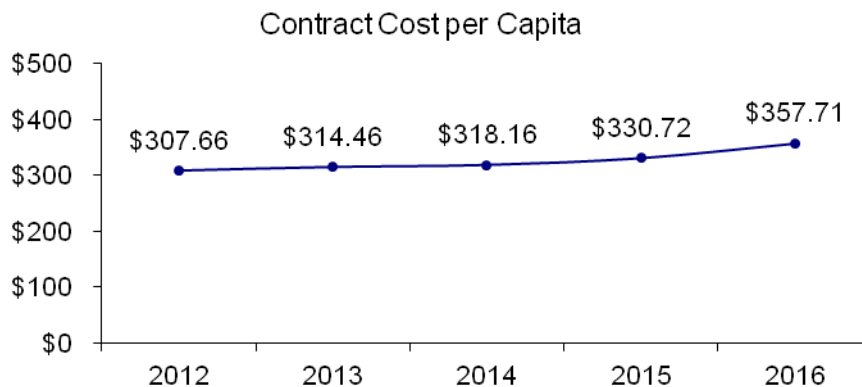


Costs of Police Services per Capita

The City of SeaTac contracts with the King County Sheriff's Office (KCSO) for police services. Among other benefits, contracting for services from a larger law enforcement agency allows for cost savings through "economies of scale." Specific economies of scale provided through the contract with KCSO include:

- A large pool of officers if back-up help is necessary
- Coverage if city officers are away
- Expertise of specialized units to assist officers
- Experienced officers to select from for city staffing
- Cost sharing throughout the department to keep city costs down

Costs for police services vary depending on a city's resources and the level and type of police services the community wants. The City of SeaTac may have additional funds or expenditures for special projects or programs as part of the city's law enforcement budget. These additional costs are not reflected in the contract cost per capita, which shows the contract cost for police services divided by SeaTac's population.



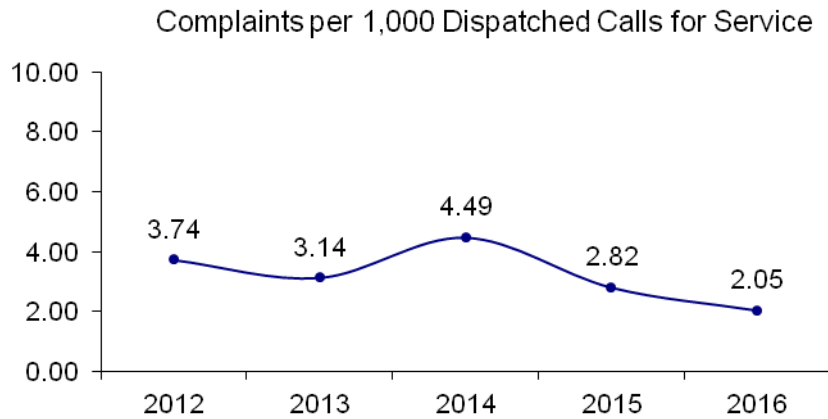
Source: KCSO Contracts Unit



Complaints against Officers

Complaints against city police officers can originate from the public or internal police department personnel. All complaints are accepted and reviewed. When a complaint is made, the King County Sheriff’s Office Internal Investigations Unit (IIU) will review the complaint. While serious complaints are investigated by IIU, the majority of complaints are far less serious and are handled at the worksites by supervisors. The following are the preliminary number of internal and external complaints that were investigated for city officers. Please note that these numbers are preliminary counts; final numbers will be published in the IIU Annual Report, released each spring.

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Number of Complaints	38	34	52	35	28
Number of Dispatched Calls for Service	10,149	10,811	11,571	12,405	13,664



Source: KCSO Internal Investigations & Human Resource Units



City of SeaTac Police Service Data 2016



CRIME SUMMARY	1-Q	2-Q	3-Q	4-Q	YTD
TOTAL PART 1 OFFENSES	453	423	417	471	1764
TOTAL PART 2 OFFENSES	652	612	566	544	2374
Officers Assaulted	0	1	0	0	1
Total Domestic Violence Offenses	94	112	99	71	376
Gang Incidents	1	5	10	5	21
ADULT ARREST TOTAL	260	227	253	244	984

AUTO RECOVERIES	1-Q	2-Q	3-Q	4-Q	YTD
Inside / Inside	50	38	50	56	194
Outside / Inside	91	60	60	81	292

PART 1 Cases Closed/Cleared					
for the following offenses:	1-Q	2-Q	3-Q	4-Q	YTD
Homicide	0	0	1	1	2
Rape (including attempt)	0	2	1	1	4
Robbery	2	3	2	4	11
Aggravated Assault	12	9	10	6	37
Commercial Burglary	1	2	0	0	3
Residential Burglary	2	2	1	1	6
Larceny	12	10	13	6	41
Arson	1	0	1	0	2
TOTAL	30	28	29	19	106

PART 2 Cases Closed/Cleared					
for the following offenses:	1-Q	2-Q	3-Q	4-Q	YTD
Assault 4th Degree	51	47	42	31	171
Narcotics	16	17	17	27	77
Frauds	9	6	8	6	29
TOTAL	76	70	67	64	277



PART 1 OFFENSES	1-Q	2-Q	3-Q	4-Q	YTD
Assault, Hands	11	7	7	7	32
Assault, Knife	3	3	5	2	13
Assault, Firearm	5	3	1	1	10
Assault, ODW	1	1	1	2	5
HOMICIDE	0	0	2	0	2
Robbery, Bank	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Chain Store	2	4	2	4	12
Robbery, Commercial	0	0	0	1	1
Robbery, Gas Station	0	0	2	1	3
Robbery, Highway	8	5	7	6	26
Robbery, Miscellaneous	3	1	7	1	12
Robbery, Residence	1	0	0	2	3
Robbery, Carjack	1	3	4	4	12
Attempted Rape	0	0	0	1	1
Rape	4	3	4	7	18
Child Rape	1	3	1	1	6
Comm Burglary, FE	9	5	17	12	43
Comm Burglary, NF	5	7	5	7	24
Comm Burglary, ATT	2	5	1	1	9
Residential Burglary, FE	21	31	28	33	113
Residential Burglary, NF	12	10	22	22	66
Residential Burglary,ATT	6	10	5	4	25
Larceny	243	220	183	220	866
Vehicle Theft	112	100	108	130	450
Truck-Bus Theft	0	0	0	0	0
Other Vehicle Theft	0	0	1	1	2
Theft Boat/RV	0	0	0	0	0
Arson Confirmed	3	2	4	1	10
TOTAL PART 1 OFFENSES	453	423	417	471	1764



PART 2 OFFENSES	1-Q	2-Q	3-Q	4-Q	YTD
Assault 4th Degree	77	70	53	40	240
Total Sex Offenses	22	19	26	21	88
Family/Juvenile Offenses	50	67	38	43	198
Forgery/Fraud Offenses	61	57	57	49	224
Commercial Vice	4	10	5	4	23
Gambling, Other	0	0	0	0	0
Kidnapping	1	0	1	0	2
Weapons	15	9	11	9	44
All Other	119	103	114	122	458
Viol Crt Order (misd)	22	29	27	19	97
Viol Crt Order (felony)	4	9	5	1	19
HATE CRIMES	1	2	0	1	4
Stolen Property	2	3	4	2	11
Trespass	148	118	111	98	475
Vandalism	66	63	53	53	235
Disorderly Conduct	1	2	3	2	8
Liquor Violation	18	17	20	15	70
D U I	25	17	21	38	101
HEROIN, etc	9	9	4	8	30
SYNTHETIC NARCOTICS	6	5	9	6	26
OTHER NARCOTICS	1	0	2	11	14
MARIJUANA	0	3	2	2	7
TOTAL PART 2 OFFENSES	652	612	566	544	2374



DISPATCHED CALLS					
FOR SERVICE	1-Q	2-Q	3-Q	4-Q	YTD
L1	365	409	539	503	1816
L2	972	906	919	917	3714
L3	1043	966	913	743	3665
L4	1036	1206	1125	1098	4465
TOTAL DCFS	3416	3487	3496	3261	13660

AVG Response Time	1-Q	2-Q	3-Q	4-Q
Critical Dispatch X=	4.25	4.09	6.19	6.77
Immediate Dispatch 1=	8.52	8.70	9.16	8.72
Prompt Dispatch 2=	12.75	13.91	15.19	14.21
Routine Dispatch 3=	38.21	36.64	43.81	37.54

LARCENY OFFENSES	1-Q	2-Q	3-Q	4-Q	YTD
D/D	18	4	8	4	34
Gas	0	0	1	0	1
APA	7	1	3	2	13
Bike	2	2	3	1	8
COMD	1	1	0	2	4
NSC	25	30	27	13	95
P/P	2	5	3	0	10
P/S	1	6	1	1	9
S/L	16	7	8	16	47
TFA	129	121	93	146	489
TFB	42	43	36	35	156
TOTAL	243	220	183	220	866

MAIL THEFTS	1-Q	2-Q	3-Q	4-Q	YTD
TOTAL	39	21	28	43	131



ARRESTS					
Juvenile Arrests	1-Q	2-Q	3-Q	4-Q	YTD
Felony	6	3	1	7	17
Misdemeanor	16	7	10	9	42
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0
JUVENILE ARREST TOTAL	22	10	11	16	59
Adult Arrests	1-Q	2-Q	3-Q	4-Q	YTD
Felony	54	58	62	49	223
Misdemeanor	206	169	190	194	759
Homicide	0	0	1	1	2
ADULT ARREST TOTAL	260	227	253	244	984
Grand Total Arrests	282	237	264	260	1043



JUVENILE FEL. ARRESTS	1-Q	2-Q	3-Q	4-Q	YTD
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0
Counterfeiting / Forgery	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	0	0	0	0	0
D U I	0	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling, Other	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Violation	0	0	0	0	0
Marijuana	0	0	0	0	0
Narcotics / Drug Violation	1	0	0	0	1
Other (except Traffic)	0	0	0	0	0
Other (Traffic Violations)	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution - VICE	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	1	0	0	4	5
Sex Offense (No Rape)	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	0	0	0	0	0
Vehicle Theft	1	3	1	3	8
Weapons Violations	3	0	0	0	3
TOTAL	6	3	1	7	17

JUVENILE MISD ARRESTS	1-Q	2-Q	3-Q	4-Q	YTD
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0
Counterfeiting / Forgery	0	0	0	0	0
Court Order Violation	1	0	0	0	1
Disorderly Conduct	0	1	0	1	2
D U I	1	0	0	2	3
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling, Other	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny	2	0	0	0	2
Liquor Violation	0	1	1	0	2
Marijuana	0	0	0	0	0
Narcotics / Drug Violation	0	0	0	1	1
Other (except Traffic)	5	2	0	2	9
Other (Traffic Violations)	0	2	0	1	3
Prostitution - VICE	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	1	1
Sex Offense (No Rape)	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	7	1	7	1	16
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	0	0	2	0	2
Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons Violations	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	16	7	10	9	42



ADULT FELONY ARRESTS	1-Q	2-Q	3-Q	4-Q	YTD
Aggravated Assault	8	9	11	5	33
Arson	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	3	2	2	0	7
Counterfeiting / Forgery	1	1	1	0	3
Court Order Violation	4	7	6	3	20
Disorderly Conduct	0	0	0	0	0
D U I	0	1	1	0	2
Embezzlement	0	1	0	0	1
Forcible Rape	0	2	1	1	4
Fraud	0	1	1	1	3
Gambling, Other	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny	1	4	0	0	5
Liquor Violation	0	0	0	0	0
Marijuana	0	0	0	0	0
Narcotics / Drug Violation	13	11	15	19	58
Other (except Traffic)	3	5	3	3	14
Other (Traffic Violations)	0	1	0	1	2
Prostitution - VICE	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	1	3	3	1	8
Sex Offense (No Rape)	0	0	1	1	2
Simple Assault	1	0	0	0	1
Stolen Property	2	0	4	0	6
Vandalism	0	1	0	0	1
Vehicle Theft	13	5	9	10	37
Weapons Violations	4	4	4	4	16
TOTAL	54	58	62	49	223

ADULT MISD ARRESTS	1-Q	2-Q	3-Q	4-Q	YTD
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0
Counterfeiting / Forgery	0	0	0	0	0
Court Order Violation	21	25	26	18	90
Disorderly Conduct	1	1	2	2	6
D U I	22	21	23	35	101
Embezzlement	0	1	0	0	1
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	1	1	2
Gambling, Other	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny	10	6	10	7	33
Liquor Violation	0	0	0	1	1
Marijuana	0	0	2	0	2
Narcotics / Drug Violation	21	5	10	28	64
Other (except Traffic)	37	33	25	24	119
Other (Traffic Violations)	31	22	39	30	122
Prostitution - VICE	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense (No Rape)	2	0	0	2	4
Simple Assault	51	46	37	34	168
Stolen Property	0	1	1	2	4
Vandalism	5	7	11	6	29
Vehicle Theft	0	1	2	0	3
Weapons Violations	5	0	1	4	10
TOTAL	206	169	190	194	759

